Care Home Pain Assessment and Management Tool (with PAINAD scale)

To be completed on each resident: on admission if resident taking pain killers; if resident appears in pain; and always at six-monthly review						
Name of care home:						
Name of resident:						
Date of admission:	Date of first assessment:					
Current medications being taken by the resident						
	Pain intensity scale					
	If 0 out of 10 = no pain and 10 out of 10 = worst pain you have ever had in your whole life, what score out of 10 would you give the pain you currently have? 10					
1 Where is or are your worst pain(s)? Please mar	k the site of pain on the body tool above left.					
2 How bad is the pain on the intensity scale? Pleabove right.	ase tick the relevant box in the pain intensity tool					
3 How long has the pain been present?						
4 Does anything make the pain worse?						
5 Does anything make the pain better?						

Pain Assessment in Advanced Dementia (PAINAD) scale

Items	0	1	2	Score
Breathing (independent of vocalisation)	Normal	Occasional laboured breathing Short period of hyperventilation	 Noisy laboured breathing Long period of hyperventilation Cheyne-Stokes respirations 	
Negative vocalisation	• None	 Occasional moan or groan Low-level speech with a negative or disapproving quality 	Repeated troubled calling out Loud moaning or groaning Crying	
• Smiling or inexpressive		• Sad • Frightened • Frown	Facial grimacing	
Body language • Relaxed		Tense Distressed pacing Fidgeting	 Rigid Fists clenched Knees pulled up Pulling or pushing away Striking out. 	
Consolability	No need to console	Distracted or reassured by voice or touch	Unable to console, distract or reassure	
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NB Once you have 'scored' the pain make sure you document the necessary management on the next page

Definitions of some terms used in the PAINAD - please see Volicer & Hurley [7] for full explanation

Breathing: 'occasional laboured' - episodic bursts of harsh/difficult respirations; 'short period of hyperventilation' - intervals of rapid, deep breaths lasting a short period of time; 'noisy laboured' negative-sounding respirations on inspiration & expiration appearing strenuous which may be loud, gurgling or wheezing; 'long period of hyperventilation' - excessive rate/depth of respirations lasting a long time; 'Cheyne-Stokes' - waxing and waning of breathing from very deep to shallow respirations with periods of apnoea.

Negative Vocalisation: 'occasional moan/groan' – mournful/murmuring sounds, wails or laments – groaning is involuntary often abruptly beginning & ending; 'low-level speech with a negative or disapproving quality' - muttering, mumbling, whining, grumbling or swearing; 'repeated troubled calling out' - repetitive words in an anxious, uneasy or distressed tone; 'loud moaning or groaning' mournful/murmuring sounds, wails or laments in a louder volume than usual often abruptly beginning or ending; 'crying' - emotion accompanied by tears which can be sobbing or quiet weeping

Facial Expression: 'sad' - unhappy/sorrowful/dejected look; 'frightened' - a look of fear/alarm or heightened anxiety; 'frown' - increased facial wrinkling in forehead or around mouth; 'facial grimacing' distorted/distressed look.

Body Language: lying still and afraid to move, or very restless

Consolability: able to be reassured

Pain re-assessment and management

Name of resident:
Name of care home:
Resident must be assessed: daily weekly monthly (please tick relevant box)
Current medications being taken by the resident:
PAIN INTENSITY QUESTION If 0 out of 10 = no pain and 10 out of 10 = worst pain you have ever had in your whole life,
what score out of 10 would you give the pain you currently have?

Date	Time		PAINAD	Action taken	Date	Signature and	Outcome
		intensity 1-10	score		bowels last opened	review date/time	
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